



# ANTIFREEZE/COOLANT POAT (C)

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Compiled in accordance with REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as retained and amended in UK law

ISSUE DATE: 29.08.2023  
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VERSION: 1.0

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture  
Trade name : Antifreeze/Coolant POAT (C)  
Product code : Ford Internal Ref.: 510914  
SDS Number : 11440  
UFI : Q8YM-9FE4-N10K-F8XC  
Product use : Public use

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

##### 1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Function or use category : Antifreeze

##### 1.2.2. Uses advised against

Restrictions on use : None known

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

##### Supplier

Ford-Werke GmbH  
Edsel-Ford-Str. 2-14  
50769 Cologne  
Germany  
+49 221 90-33333  
sdseu@ford.com

##### Distributor

Ford Motor Company Ltd.  
Parts Distribution Centre  
Royal Oak Way South  
NN11 8NT Daventry, Northants  
United Kingdom  
+44 1327 305 198

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

+49 (0) 6132-84463 (GBK GmbH – 24/7)

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations

Health hazards	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4	H302	Harmful if swallowed. May cause damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).
	Specific target organ toxicity –	H373	
	Repeated exposure, Category 2		

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

#### Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

No additional information available

#### 2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations

#### Hazard pictograms



**Signal word** Warning  
**Contains** Ethanediol

**Hazard statements**

H302 Harmful if swallowed.  
H373 May cause damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).

**Precautionary statements**

**General**

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.  
P102 Keep out of reach of children.

**Prevention**

P260 Do not breathe fume, mist, spray, vapours.  
P264 Wash face thoroughly after handling.  
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

**Response**

P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.  
P330 Rinse mouth.

**Disposal**

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**2.3. Other hazards**

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII.  
This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII.

The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

**3.2. Mixtures**

Chemical name	CAS- No EC- No Index No RRN	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Notes
Ethanediol	107-21-1 203-473-3 603-027-00-1 01-2119456816-28-XXXX	90 – 95	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 (ATE=500 mg/kg bodyweight) STOT RE 2, H373	#
Sodium 4(or 5)-methyl-1H-benzotriazolide	64665-57-2 265-004-9 - 01-2119980062-42-XXXX	0.1 – 0.2	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 (ATE=500 mg/kg bodyweight) Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Repr. 2, H361d Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	

Comments : #: substance with a Community workplace exposure limit  
Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

**SECTION 4: First aid measures**

**4.1. Description of first aid measures**

First-aid measures general : Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.  
First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center or a doctor.

- First-aid measures after skin contact : If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water, followed by warm water rinse.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse immediately and thoroughly, pulling the eyelids well away from the eye (15 minutes minimum). Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Consult an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Cough.
- Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Dry skin.
- Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Redness, pain.
- Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Nausea. Vomiting. Abdominal pain. Unconsciousness.
- Chronic symptoms : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a water jet since it may cause the fire to spread.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Fire hazard : Not flammable. Intense heat may cause container to burst.
- Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>).

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved. Keep unnecessary personnel away.
- Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- General measures : Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous.

##### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

- Protective equipment : Avoid breathing dust, mist or spray. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".
- Emergency procedures : Ventilate spillage area. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

##### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

- Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- For containment : Collect spillage.
- Methods for cleaning up : Large Spills: Stop leak without risks if possible. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Take up liquid spill into absorbent material, e.g.: sand, earth, vermiculite. Clean preferably with a detergent - Avoid the use of solvents. Small spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (for example cloth). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills in original containers for re-use. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.
- Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For disposal of residues refer to section 13 : " Disposal considerations".

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Precautions for safe handling : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe aerosol, fume, mist, spray, vapours.
- Hygiene measures : Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Technical measures : Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation.
- Storage conditions : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition.
- Incompatible products : Strong oxidizing agent. Strong bases.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Antifreeze.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### 8.1.1. National occupational exposure and biological limit values

##### Ethanediol (107-21-1)

#### EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL)

Local name	Ethylene glycol
IOEL TWA	52 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
IOEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm
IOEL STEL	104 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
IOEL STEL [ppm]	40 ppm
Remark	Skin
Regulatory reference	COMMISSION DIRECTIVE 2000/39/EC

#### United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits

Local name	Ethane-1,2-diol
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> particulate 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> vapour
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [2]	20 ppm vapour
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	104 mg/m <sup>3</sup> vapour
WEL STEL	40 ppm vapour
Remark	Sk (Can be absorbed through the skin. The assigned substances are those for which there are concerns that dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity)
Regulatory reference	EH40/2005 (Fourth edition, 2020). HSE

#### 8.1.2. Recommended monitoring procedures

No additional information available

#### 8.1.3. Air contaminants formed

No additional information available

#### 8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC

##### Ethanediol (107-21-1)

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###### DNEL/DMEL (Workers)

Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	106 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	35 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

###### DNEL/DMEL (General population)

Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	53 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

###### PNEC (Water)

PNEC aqua (freshwater)	10 mg/l
PNEC aqua (marine water)	1 mg/l
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater)	10 mg/l

###### PNEC (Sediment)

PNEC sediment (freshwater)	37 mg/kg dwt
PNEC sediment (marine water)	3.7 mg/kg dwt

###### PNEC (Soil)

PNEC soil	1.53 mg/kg dwt
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###### PNEC (STP)

PNEC sewage treatment plant	199.5 mg/l
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##### Sodium 4(or 5)-methyl-1H-benzotriazolide (64665-57-2)

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###### DNEL/DMEL (Workers)

Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	0.3 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	21.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

###### DNEL/DMEL (General population)

Long-term - systemic effects, oral	0.01 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	350 µg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	0.01 mg/kg bodyweight/day

###### PNEC (Water)

PNEC aqua (freshwater)	8 µg/L
PNEC aqua (marine water)	8 µg/L
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater)	85.8 µg/L
PNEC aqua (intermittent, marine water)	53 µg/L

###### PNEC (Sediment)

PNEC sediment (freshwater)	0.117 mg/kg dwt
PNEC sediment (marine water)	0.117 mg/kg dwt

###### PNEC (Soil)

PNEC soil	45 µg/kg dw
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###### PNEC (STP)

PNEC sewage treatment plant	0.218 mg/l
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#### 8.1.5. Control banding

No additional information available

## 8.2. Exposure controls

### 8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls:

Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

### 8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

#### Personal protective equipment:

Wear suitable protective clothing.

#### 8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection

##### Eye protection:

EN 166. Wear security glasses which protect from splashes

#### 8.2.2.2. Skin protection

##### Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing.

##### Hand protection:

Protective gloves. The recommendation is only valid for the supplied product and the stated application. Special working conditions, like heat or mechanical strain, which deviate from the test conditions, can reduce the protective effect provided by the recommended glove

Material	Permeation	Thickness (mm)	Comments
In case of splash contact: Nitrile rubber (NBR)	6 (> 480 minutes)	0,4	Glove recommendation: Camatril Velours® 730 (Kächele-Cama GmbH, source of supply see <a href="http://www.kcl.de">www.kcl.de</a> ) or comparable product.
Nitrile rubber (NBR)	6 (> 480 minutes)	0,4	Glove recommendation: Camatril Velours® 730 (Kächele-Cama GmbH, source of supply see <a href="http://www.kcl.de">www.kcl.de</a> ) or comparable product.

#### 8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

##### Respiratory protection:

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment

#### 8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

##### Thermal hazard protection:

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

#### Environmental exposure controls:

Avoid release to the environment.

#### Consumer exposure controls:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Colour	: Yellow. fluorescent.
Appearance	: Liquid.
Odour	: mild.
Odour threshold	: Not available
Melting point	: < -15 °C ASTM D1177
Freezing point	: Not available
Boiling point	: > 149 °C ASTM D1120
Flammability	: Non flammable.
Explosive limits	: Not available
Lower explosive limit (LEL)	: Not available
Upper explosive limit (UEL)	: Not available
Flash point	: Not available

Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available
Decomposition temperature	: Not available
pH	: 7.6 ASTM D1287
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not available
Solubility	: Not available
Log Kow	: Not available
Vapour pressure	: Not available
Vapour pressure at 50°C	: Not available
Density	: 1.12 g/cm <sup>3</sup> ASTM D1122
Relative density	: Not available
Relative vapour density at 20°C	: Not available
Particle size	: Not applicable
Particle size distribution	: Not applicable
Particle shape	: Not applicable
Particle aspect ratio	: Not applicable
Particle aggregation state	: Not applicable
Particle agglomeration state	: Not applicable
Particle specific surface area	: Not applicable
Particle dustiness	: Not applicable

## 9.2. Other information

### 9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No additional information available

### 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

VOC content : 0 %

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Heat and ignition sources. Strong oxidizing agents. Strong bases.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity (oral)	: Harmful if swallowed.
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

<b>Antifreeze/Coolant POAT (C)</b>	
A TE CLP (oral)	555.56 mg/kg bodyweight
<b>Sodium 4(or 5)-methyl-1H-benzotriazolide (64665-57-2)</b>	
LD50 oral rat	735 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight

ATE CLP (oral)	500 mg/kg bodyweight
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met pH: 7.6 ASTM D1287
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met pH: 7.6 ASTM D1287
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Carcinogenicity	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Reproductive toxicity	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
STOT-single exposure	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
STOT-repeated exposure	: May cause damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).

<b>Ethanediol (107-21-1)</b>	
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs (kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).
Aspiration hazard	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

No additional information available

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute)	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic)	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

### Sodium 4(or 5)-methyl-1H-benzotriazolide (64665-57-2)

EC50 - Crustacea [1]	8.58 mg/l
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### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No additional information available

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

#### Ethanediol (107-21-1)

Log Pow	-1.36
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### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### Antifreeze/Coolant POAT (C)

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII.

This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII.

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No additional information available

### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects	: No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this product
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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Regional legislation (waste)	: Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Waste treatment methods	: Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery or waste in accordance with local regulation.
Additional information	: Flammable vapours may accumulate in the container.
European List of Waste (LoW) code	: The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company. 15 01 10* - packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances 16 01 14* - antifreeze fluids containing dangerous substances

## SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID  
Not regulated for transport

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

##### EU restriction list (REACH Annex XVII)

Reference code	Applicable on
3(b)	Antifreeze/Coolant POAT (C) ; Ethanediol
Contains no substance(s) listed on the REACH Candidate List	
Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)	
Contains no substance(s) listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals)	
Contains no substance(s) listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants)	
VOC content	: 0 %
Other information, restriction and prohibition regulations :	Directive 92/85/EEC on the safety and health of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding as amended. Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work, as amended. Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work, as amended. For details, refer to section 3 and 8.

##### Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III)

Seveso Additional information : Not applicable

#### 15.1.2. National regulations

No additional information available

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Indication of changes:

None.

### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BLV	Biological limit value

BOD	Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)
COD	Chemical oxygen demand (COD)
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level
EC-No.	European Community number
EC50	Median effective concentration
EN	European Standard
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50	Median lethal concentration
LD50	Median lethal dose
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SDS	Safety Data Sheet
STP	Sewage treatment plant
ThOD	Theoretical oxygen demand (ThOD)
TLM	Median Tolerance Limit
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
CAS-No.	Chemical Abstract Service number
N.O.S.	Not Otherwise Specified
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
ED	Endocrine disrupting properties

Data sources : REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

#### Full text of H- and EUH-statements

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 2
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity, Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1, Sub-Category 1B
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 2

#### Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	H302	Calculation method
STOT RE 2	H373	Calculation method

*The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.*



## Attachment to the Safety Data Sheet

**Product Name:** Antifreeze/Coolant POAT (C)

**Ford Int. Ref. No.:** 510914

**Revision Date:** 29.08.2023

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### Involved Products:

	<b>Finiscode</b>	<b>Part number</b>	<b>Container Size:</b>
.	1 2 733 434	PU7J M97B57 AA	1 l
.	2 2 733 438	PU7J M97B57 BA	5 l
.	3 2 733 442	PU7J M97B57 CA	60 l
.	4 2 733 446	PU7J M97B57 DA	200 l